

兔抗 ZC3H7A 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 ZC3H7A 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-ZC3H7A rabbit polyclonal antibody

别名：zinc finger CCCH-type containing 7A; ZC3H7; HSPC055; ZC3HDC7

相关类别：一抗

储存：冷冻（-20℃）

宿主：Rabbit

抗原：ZC3H7A

反应种属：Human

标记物：Unconjugate

克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

The zinc finger CCCH domain-containing protein 7A (ZC3H7A), also known as ZC3H7, HSPC055 or ZC3HDC7, is a 971 amino acid protein that contains a C3H1-type zinc finger domain, three C3H1-type zinc fingers and three TPR repeats. Belonging to the ZC3H12 family, ZC3H7A localizes to the nucleus. Existing as two alternatively spliced isoforms, ZC3H7A is encoded by a gene located on human chromosome 16p13.13. Chromosome 16 makes up nearly 3% of human cellular DNA and is associated with a variety of genetic disorders. The GAN gene is located on chromosome 16 and, with mutation, may lead to giant axonal neuropathy, a nervous system disorder characterized by increasing malfunction with growth. The rare disorder Rubinstein-Taybi syndrome is also associated with chromosome 16,

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| | though through the CREBBP gene which encodes a critical CREB binding protein. Signs of Rubinstein-Taybi include mental retardation and predisposition to tumor growth and white blood cell neoplasias. Crohn's disease is a gastrointestinal inflammatory condition associated with chromosome 16 through the NOD2 gene. |
| Applications: | ELISA, IHC |
| Name of antibody: | ZC3H7A |
| Immunogen: | Fusion protein of human ZC3H7A |
| Full name: | zinc finger CCCH-type containing 7A |
| Synonyms: | ZC3H7; HSPC055; ZC3HDC7 |
| SwissProt: | Q8IWR0 |
| ELISA Recommended dilution: | 5000-10000 |
| IHC positive control: | Human liver cancer and Human cervical cancer |
| IHC Recommend dilution: | 50-300 |



