

兔抗 C15orf40 多克隆抗体

中文名称：兔抗 C15orf40 多克隆抗体

英文名称：Anti-C15orf40 rabbit polyclonal antibody

相关类别：一抗

储 存：冷冻（-20℃）

宿 主：Rabbit

抗 原：C15orf40

反应种属：Human

标 记 物：Unconjugate

克隆类型：rabbit polyclonal

技术规格

Background:

Encoding more than 700 genes, chromosome 15 is made up of approximately 106 million base pairs and is about 3% of the human genome. Angelman and Prader-Willi syndromes are associated with loss of function or deletion of genes in the 15q11-q13 region. In the case of Angelman syndrome, this loss is due to inactivity of the maternal 15q11-q13 encoded UBE3A gene in the brain by either chromosomal deletion or mutation. In cases of Prader-Willi syndrome, there is a partial or complete deletion of this region from the paternal copy of chromosome 15. Tay-Sachs disease is a lethal disorder associated with mutations of the HEXA gene, which is encoded by chromosome 15. Marfan syndrome is associated with chromosome 15 through the FBN1 gene. The C15

	orf40 gene product has been provisionally designated C15orf40 pending further characterization.
Applications:	ELISA, WB, IHC
Name of antibody:	C15orf40
Immunogen:	Fusion protein of human C15orf40
Full name:	chromosome 15 open reading frame 40
SwissProt:	Q8WUR7
ELISA Recommended dilution:	5000-10000
IHC positive control:	Human brain
IHC Recommend dilution:	25-100
WB Predicted band size:	16 kDa
WB Positive control:	Human heart tissue lysate
WB Recommended dilution:	500-2000



